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REPORT

FROM THE

COMMITTEE

Appointed to inſpect the

ORIGINAL PAPERS

Seiz'd in the

Houſes or Lodgings of One Mcc. CARTHY, alias RABAH, a reputed Titular Popiſh Biſhop;

AND

JOSEPH NAGLE, a reputed Popiſh Sollicitor, both of the City of *Corke.*

Reported on the 19*th of* December, 1733.

Together with an

APPENDIX

Containing all the ORIGINAL PAPERS referred to in this REPORT.

Publiſh'd by Order of the Houſe of Commons.

DUBLIN Printed;

LONDON, Reprinted for T. COOPER, at the *Globe* in *Ivy-Lane*, near *Pater-Noſter-Row*. 1734.

(Price Six-pence.)

1913

BRITISH MUSEUM

Mercurii 19. *Die Decembris*, 1733.

BY *Vertue of an Order of the* House of Commons, *this Day made, I do appoint* Samuel Fairbrother, *to Print this* Report, *Resolutions, and the Proceedings of this House thereupon: And that no other Person do presume to Print the same.*

HENRY BOYLE, Speaker.

A Report from the Committee.

Mercurii 19. Die Decembris, 1733.

Mr. SPEAKER,

The COMMITTEE appointed to inſpect the Original Papers ſeized in the Houſes or Lodgings of one *Mcc. Carthy* alias *Rabah*, a reputed titular *Popiſh* Biſhop; and *Joſeph Nagle*, a reputed *Popiſh* Sollicitor, both of the City of *Corke*; and to Report the Subſtance thereof to the Houſe, have met; and after examining ſeveral Witneſſes, the better to come at the meaning of ſome dark Expreſſions in the ſaid Papers, as alſo to diſcover the Progreſs of ſeveral *Popiſh* Schemes for the raiſing Money through this Kingdom, have directed me to make the following REPORT.

THE Committee firſt took under their Conſideration an Examination of *John Henneſey*, late the *Popiſh* Prieſt of the United Pariſhes of *Donerayle*, taken before the Lord *Donerayle* and *John Love*, Eſq; dated 3d

January 1731-2, marked in the Appendix with the Letter [*A*] which was laid before the Houſe amongſt the other Original Papers, and contains Matters of very great Importance.

It ſets forth the Contents of a *Popiſh* Bull, which was ſent from *Bruſſels* in the Year 1729, to *Chriſtopher Butler*, titular *Popiſh* Arch-biſhop of *Caſhell*, and by him tranſmitted to the ſeveral titular *Popiſh* Biſhops in *Munſter*; granting an Indulgence to *Papiſts* from their Sins, provided they complied with the Terms of the ſaid Bull. The principal of which was, to contribute Money towards advancing the *Pretender* to the Crown of theſe Kingdoms, and dethroning His Sacred Majeſty King *George*. It alſo contains a moſt treaſonable Doctrine of *Teigue Mcc. Carthy*, alias *Rabah*, titular *Popiſh* Biſhop of *Corke*, That it was not unlawful to rob King *George* of his Duties, ſince he had no Right to the Crown.

Mr. *Love* being examined, ſaid, That *Henneſey* ſwore to the ſaid Information before him, which he took by Orders from the Government; That he ſaw a Copy of the ſaid Bull, which he was informed, by Perſons, who ſaw the Original, and underſtood *Latin*, was a true Copy; and that he has been told by ſeveral in the Country, That Money was collected purſuant to the ſaid Bull. And what your Committee take to be a very ſtrong Corroboration

ration of *Henneſey*'s Veracity, is, what is further related by Mr. *Love*, That the Night the Votes of this Houſe reached *Donerayle* (by which it appeared, That an Enquiry was to be made into Original Papers ſeized in *Corke*) twelve Men, as the ſaid *Love* was informed, entred the Dwelling-Houſe of the ſaid *Henneſey*, who lay ill of an Ague, and carried him off. But where, your Committee cannot inform the Houſe; yet have no doubt, but it was done by the Contrivance of the *Papiſts*, to ſtifle any further Evidence the ſaid *Henneſey* might give of their Practices, deſtructive of the Peace of the Kingdom.

The Committee were further informed by Mr. *Love*, That upon giving the Government Notice of the ſaid Information, he was directed to make further Enquiry; and at *Lent* Aſſizes following the ſaid Information, he was authorized, with the Sheriffs of the City of *Corke*, by the then going Judges of Aſſize, to force open the Doors of the ſaid *Teigue Rabah* and *Joſeph Nagle*; which laſt appears by the Examination of the ſaid *Henneſey*, to be one of the *Pretender*'s Agents for the Province of *Munſter*. That, purſuant to the ſaid Order, they came to the Lodgings of the ſaid *Nagle*, who inſolently triumphed over them, and told them, *He had three Days Notice*, and, *That was Time enough to remove all material Papers*. So that what came to the ſaid Mr. *Love*'s Hands, was owing to Chance, or the ſaid

Nagle's

Nagle's Negligence, being found in Corners unobſerved by him, and by their Purport ſhew plainly what Conſequence it was of to have made a diligent and ſecret Search among his Papers; but the Notice he received of the Order againſt him, prevented a Diſcovery that muſt undoubtedly have been of the utmoſt Service to the *Proteſtant* Intereſt of this Kingdom, by detecting the traiterous Correſpondences of the *Papiſts*, at all times carried on between this Kingdom and the Court of *Rome*, in order to contrive the Ruin of our moſt excellent Conſtitution in Church and State.

And becauſe it has been inſinuated, That the Informant *John Henneſey* was a Perſon, on whoſe Credit no Weight ought to be laid, your Committee have placed in the Appendix a Remonſtrance marked [*B*] of ſeveral *Papiſts* againſt the ſaid *Henneſey*, in which his being a Friend to *Proteſtants*, and his delighting in their Company, appears to be the Foundation of their Complaints againſt him; ſo that, for what the Committee can find, his Character remains unblemiſhed.

By the Letters found in *Nagle*'s Lodgings, it appears to the Committee, That there was a Collection made through the Kingdom in the Year 1731, and during the Sitting of Parliament; in order, as was ſaid, to oppoſe ſome Bills then tranſmitted to *England*, eſpecially two; one for diſ-

arming

arming *Papiſts*, the other againſt *Popiſh* Sollicitors.

The firſt is a Letter ſigned *Thomas Wolfe*, marked [*C*] in the Appendix; by which Application was made by *Nagle*, and ſeveral others therein mentioned, to raiſe a Sum of Money in and about *Corke* for preventing of Bills paſſing, which would be deſtructive of their (*viz. the Popiſh*) *Religion*. But the Rancour and Malice of the *Popiſh* Party is fully ſet forth in a Letter, bearing Date the 25th of *December*, 1731, ſigned *Tho. Wolfe*, and directed to *Joſeph Nagle* Eſq; in *Corke*, marked [*D*] in the Appendix; which Letter *Wolfe* confeſſed to be ſigned by him. And this Letter ſeems to be a continual Inſult on the Government, on every Branch of the Legiſlature, and a foul Miſrepreſentation of the Contents of the Heads of Bills prepared by either Houſe laſt Seſſion of Parliament, for preventing the Dangers, which might proceed from the further Growth of *Popery*. A Letter ſo pregnant with ſcandalous Reflections, can hardly be ſufficiently remarked on; it is difficult to point out the moſt offenſive Expreſſions in it, and yet your Committee venture to offer to the Conſideration of the Houſe, what Particulars they apprehend chiefly to deſerve Cenſure.

And firſt, your Committee beg leave to obſerve, That the firſt Paragraph in this extraordinary Letter

ter relates to a former Fund, which ſeems to ſtrengthen *Henneſey*'s Examination concerning the Collection made for the *Pretender*, purſuant to the *Pope*'s Bull; eſpecially conſidering, that your Committee could by no means obtain a ſatisfactory Account of what was meant by the Mention *Wolfe* made in his Letter of a former Fund.

The ſecond Paragraph relates entirely to the Bills then depending, of which their Apprehenſions are pointed out as moſt terrible, that the Extirpation of their Religion, and themſelves, was at hand. This your Committee conceives to be a groſs and malicious Miſrepreſentation of the Intent and Deſign of the Lords and Commons. And your Committee further obſerve, that in order to extort Money from the ignorant deluded *Papiſts* of this Kingdom, the Author of this Letter ſuggeſts, that theſe ſuppoſed Miſeries cannot be ſuſpended, but by Money and great Application; whereas they neglected making any Application on this ſide of the Water, where (no doubt) if they had proved themſelves aggrieved, they would have met with all proper and ſeaſonable Redreſs.

Your Committee obſerve, That *Wolfe*, in the fourth Paragraph of this Letter, terms the Heads of Bills then under Conſideration of each Houſe of Parliament, *Cruel impending Bills and Laws*; which your Committee conceives to be a great Reflection

on

on thoſe two Branches of the Legiſlature. And the ſaid *Wolfe*, in his ſaid Letter, adds the following Expreſſions, not leſs injurious to the Dignity and Honour of the Government, to wit, *We, who live at* Dublin, *have much more juſt Reaſon to be excuſed on this Occaſion, than thoſe who live remote from the Government, and are always ſooneſt oppreſſed.* Which Words, your Committee underſtand to carry with them a ſcandalous Inſinuation, That the Laws againſt *Popery* receive a greater Relaxation in this City, the Seat of the Government, than in all other Parts of the Kingdom, under the immediate Care of inferior Magiſtrates; it being evident, by the whole Tenor of the Letter, that what he means by Oppreſſion, is putting the Laws againſt *Popery* in Execution.

By the Influence of this, and other Letters of the ſame deceitful and ſcandalous Purport, and of the *Popiſh* Clergy, it appears to your Committee, That large Sums of Money were collected through this Kingdom, under pretence of oppoſing the aforeſaid Bills. And your Committee have diſcovered, in the Courſe of the Evidence, That large Sums remain under the Direction of malignant *Papiſts*, as a Fund for carrying on their ill Deſigns.

Amongſt *Nagle*'s Papers was found one marked [E] in the Appendix, by which it appears to your Committee, That any Law, for the better

 ſecuring

ſecuring his Majeſty's Revenue, is as grievous to the *Papiſts*, as any other to prevent the Growth of *Popery*. This Paper was atteſted by *Wolfe*, *Nagle*'s Correſpondent, to be *Nagle*'s Writing, and contains Directions to ſomebody in *Dublin* for oppoſing a Bill of that ſort, which he calls the Collector's Bill, and was the Bill paſſed laſt Seſſion of Parliament, *For the better ſecuring and collecting his Majeſty's Revenue*. By this, your Committee are of Opinion, that *Henneſey*'s Examination receives a further Strength; for this Advice of *Nagle* correſponds with the titular Biſhop's Doctrine.

Your Committee beg Leave to refer to other Papers in the Appendix marked [*F*,] [*G*,] [*H*,] [*I*,] [*K*,] [*L*,] by which it appears, That *Timothy Rabah*, *Timothy O-Brien*, and *Richard Walſh*, have taken upon them to exerciſe in the County of *Corke* a *Popiſh* Eccleſiaſtical Juriſdiction; and have great Reaſon to believe, from *Henneſey*'s Examination, the ſame is done in every other Part of *Munſter*, in Defiance of the Laws of the Land, and to the great Hazard of the Peace of this Kingdom.

Upon due Conſideration of theſe ſeveral Matters, as before ſet forth, your Committee came to the following Reſolutions,

Reſolved,

Reſolved, That it appears to this Committee, That under Colour of oppoſing Heads of Bills brought into Parliament laſt Seſſion, great Sums of Money have been collected and raiſed, and a Fund eſtabliſhed by the *Popiſh* Inhabitants of this Kingdom, through the Influence of their Clergy, highly detrimental to the Proteſtant Intereſt of this Kingdom, and of imminent Danger to the preſent happy Eſtabliſhment.

Reſolved, That it appears to this Committee, That there is a *Popiſh* Eccleſiaſtical Juriſdiction exerciſed in this Kingdom by *Popiſh* Archbiſhops, Biſhops, and Vicars General, in open Violation of the Laws of the Land.

Reſolved, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, That the Houſe be moved, that an humble Addreſs be preſented to his Grace the Lord Lieutenant, to iſſue his Proclamation to all Magiſtrates to put the Laws againſt *Popery* in Execution.

Reſolved, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, That *Thomas Wolfe* hath groſly miſrepreſented the Proceedings of the Houſe of Commons laſt Seſſion of Parliament, and reflected on the Honour and Juſtice of the ſaid Houſe; and hath, by ſuch Miſrepreſentation, promoted the collecting divers Sums of Money from the poor deluded *Po-*

piſh Inhabitants of this Kingdom, under pretence of obſtructing the Proceedings of this Houſe.

Reſolved, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, that *Joſeph Nagle* hath groſly miſrepreſented the Proceedings of the Houſe of Commons laſt Seſſion of Parliament, and reflected on the Honour and Juſtice of the ſaid Houſe; and hath, by ſuch Miſrepreſentation, promoted the collecting divers Sums of Money from the poor deluded *Popiſh* Inhabitants of this Kingdom, under pretence of obſtructing the Proceedings of this Houſe.

Reſolved, That it appears to this Committee, that *John Love*, Eſq; Collector of *Mallow* in the County of *Corke*, hath behaved himſelf with commendable Zeal for the Service of his Majeſty, and the Proteſtant Intereſt of this Kingdom.

APPENDIX. [A]

Com. *Corke.* *The* INFORMATION *of* John Henneſſy, *late the* Popiſh *Prieſt of the United Pariſhes of* Donerayle, *taken before the Right Honourable* Arthur *Lord Viſcount* Donerayle, *and* John Love, *Eſq; two of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for ſaid County, this third Day of* Jan. 173½.

SAID Informant being duly ſworn upon the holy Evangeliſts, ſaith, That in the Month of *Auguſt* or *September* 1729, he, this Informant, was in Company with *Conner Keef*, *Popiſh* Biſhop of *Limerick*, *Francis Lloyd*, *Popiſh* Biſhop of *Killaloe*, and Doctor *Stones*, a *Franciſcan* Friar of the City of *Dublin*, at the Houſe of *Teigue Mcc. Carthy*, alias *Rabah*, the preſent *Popiſh* Biſhop of *Corke* and *Cloyne*, when the ſaid *Keef* and *Lloyd* delivered a Letter to the ſaid *Mcc. Carthy*, from *Chriſtopher Butler*, the preſent *Popiſh* Archbiſhop of *Caſhel*, acquainting him, that he had received a Letter from the Pope's *Inter-Nuncio* at *Bruſſels*, that the Pope had complied with the Requeſt of the Archbiſhops and Biſhops of *Ireland*; and, that his Holineſs had ſent him an Indulgence for ten Years, in order to raiſe a Sum of Money to be ſpeedily applied to reſtore King

King *James* the Third to his Right, and put their present Majesties and all the Royal Family to the Sword.

Soon after this Informant received a Letter, and a Copy of the Pope's Bull, from his said Bishop, with Directions strictly to obey the same; the Purport of which is as follows:

"That every Communicant duly confessing and "receiving upon the Patron-Days of every respective Parish, and any *Sunday*, from the first of "*May* to *September*, having repeated the Lord's "Prayer five times, and once the Apostle's Creed, "upon paying Two-pence each time, was to have "a plenary Indulgence for their Sins: And all approved Confessors had a full Power to absolve in "all Cases. With Intent, That God would speedily place King *James* the Third on the "Throne of *England*."

That the Money so raised in each Parish, together with five Pounds *per Ann.* from each Parish-Priest, was to be paid to the Bishop of each Diocese, who swore the said Priests to a true Account of what Money they collected by Vertue of said Bull.

That said Bishops were to pay said Sums of Money by them received, to the several Agents of every Province, who had Orders to Remit

said

ſaid Money to the *Pretender*'s Friends in *England*, *France*, *Germany* and *Spain*.

Said *Mcc. Carthy* alias *Rabah* ſigned by Letter to this Informant, That *Joſeph Nagle* Eſq; (commonly called Counſellor *Nagle*) and ſaid *Francis Lloyd*, were the two Agents appointed for the Province of *Munſter*; And that *Garret Nagle*, Brother to ſaid *Joſeph Nagle*, who now lives in *Flanders*, is the Perſon that manages the *Pretender*'s Affairs in them Parts.

This Informant was told the fifth, or ſixth of laſt Month by *Teigue Sheehan* and *Florence Mcc. Carthy*, two *Popiſh* Prieſts, That the ſaid *Joſeph Nagle*, and *Francis Lloyd* were ſoon to go off from *Dublin* to *Flanders*, with fifteen hundred Pounds for the *Pretender*'s Uſe, which Sum had been collected as aforeſaid.

This Informant, and his ſaid Biſhop, having had a warm Diſpute about the Lawfulneſs or Unlawfulneſs of running Goods, and wronging King *George* of his Duties, the latter held it to be no Sin, and directed this Informant to preach up ſaid Doctrine, ſaying, *As King* George *had no Right to the Crown of theſe Realms, he had no Right to the Duties.*

From the Time this Diſpute happened, the ſaid *Mcc. Carthy* took all Opportunities to make this Informant uneaſy; and at laſt, by his Intereſt with

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the Heads of the *Romiſh* Church, they prevailed on Perſons of the ſame Church, to proſecute and convict ſaid Informant for being a *Popiſh* Prieſt, and obtained an Order of Tranſportation, leſt ſaid Informant ſhould diſcover the helliſh Plot that was carrying on.

This Informant was preſent when *Teigue Donoghoe* a *Popiſh* Prieſt, was paying five Pounds for himſelf, and ſeven Pounds that he had received by Vertue of ſaid Bull, to ſaid *Mct. Carthy* alias *Rabah*, who aſked what was done with the former Money he had paid? Said *Mct. Carthy* made Anſwer, *That it was applied according to the Intention of the* Pope's *Bull, to gain over Friends for King* James *the Third*; and, *That he was four hundred Pounds out of Pocket, which he was not ſorry for, becauſe he was in Hopes the End it was deſigned for would be brought about.*

Jur. Cor. Nobis Die & Ann. Sup. dict. JOHN HENNESSY.

Doneraile.
J. Love.

Morgan's

[B]

Morgan's *Remonſtrances to* Rabah *againſt* John Henneſſy, *dated* 20*th* March, 1730-1.

May pleaſe your Reverence,

THE humble Adreſſe and Complaint of the Perſons and Gentlemen of the Pariſhes of *Doneraile, Cahirdugan, Temple Ruaine,* and *Wals-town,* againſt Father *John Henneſſy,* the Prieſt of thoſe Pariſhes. In moſt humble Complaining unto your Reverence the doleful and unhappy Condition we are in ſince Father *John Henneſſy* became Prieſt of thoſe Pariſhes; if *Lucifer* came out of Hell, he could not carry more Pride, and invent more Layes and wicked Inventions againſt his Flock, both Gentry and Comentry, than he daly does unjuſtly, he ſett by all manner of his Duty to his Flock, and his chief Studdy dayly is, when he can get any Pence which heel ſeldom earne, than to haſtne to the *Proteſdants* of *Doneraile* and drink that in Brandy and Punch, thoſe are Superiors that he depends on, as for our Part wee verely belive that he ſetts but litle vallue on any Command your Reverence will ſend, as not often ſaw, That what Coadjutors you ſent, he would not willingly receive, but depending on his Superiors the *Proteſdants* to turn them off. We are like Heathens, had no Sermon or Exortation, ſince the good Prieſte Father *Collens* left us. There is not in all *Ireland* a more unfortunate People than wee are, and is like to con-

tinue ſo wheile Father *John Henneſſy* has any Comand of thoſe Pariſhes. We therefore humbly beg and deſire, ſeeing our unfortunate Condition, That you will, without any Delay, recall and take from thoſe Pariſhes, that wicked unfortunate *Proteſdant* Prieſt Father *John Henneſſy*, for the Gentry and Comentry dos not care to hear his *Maſſe*, and Mrs. *Morgan* lately complaining to my Lord *Doneraile*, of his wicked Courſes, his Anſwer was, *To complain him to his Superior*. We therefore generally lay our unfortunate Condition, occaſioned by Father *John Henneſſy*, at your Reverence's Feet, to ſend us a Pius Learned Prieſt, and no Pariſhes in the Kingdom wants it more. Given under our Hands this 20th of *March* 1730-1.

John Morgan.	*Rich. Morgan.*
John Barry.	*Ja. Nagle.*
Charles Daly.	*Cornelius ô Daly.*
Jeffery Donoughue.	*William Donnoghue.*
Elias Mcc. Craith.	*John Nagle.*
David Herman.	*James Nagle.*
	George Nagle.

J. L.
Sent in Mr. *Love*'s Letter, dated
22d *May*, 1733. *W. L.*

SIR,

[C]

SIR, *Dublin 11th Dec.* 1731.

THERE is a Bill brought into the Houſe of Lords, whereby the *R. Catholicks* of this Kingdom are to be grievouſly affected, and Leave is given to bring in ſome other Bills againſt us, and the Clergy, deſtructive of our Religion, which will ſoon be tranſmitted to the Council in *England.* Our Friends here have agreed to make Oppoſition to them in a Legal Way, at every Stage as they paſs through, in order to hinder them from being paſſed into Laws. And it will be requiſite to have ſome Money to defray the Expences thereof, I am ordered by our Friends here, to deſire you to ſpeak to your Friends in an earneſt manner to contribute, as we here in *Dublin* have already done, and remit the Money forthwith to Mr. *Miles Reilly*, Merchant in *Dublin*, who is appointed to receive the ſame. I need not tell you how neceſſary Diſcretion, Secrecy and Diſpatch is in this Affair, and aſſure yourſelf the Money will be uſed with the greateſt Œconomy. It is expected you will deduct out of the Money you ſhall collect, whatever Expences you may be at in purſuance of the above Letter, either for Meſſenger, or otherwiſe.

I am with the greateſt Reſpect and Eſteem, Sir, your aſſured and moſt humble Servant,

Tho. Woulfe.

I ſhall next Week ſend you Abſtracts of the ſeveral Bills. Mr. *Edmond Harrold*, Mr. *John Cumerford*, Mr. *David Rochford*, and Mr. *Stephen White*, are requeſted to aſſiſt you on this Occaſion, and they are writ to as you this Poſt.

To *Joſeph Neagle*, Eſq; *Corke*,
J. L.
Sent in Mr. *Love*'s Letter, dated
22d *May*, 1733. *W. L.*

[*D*]

SIRS, *Dublin* 25*th Dec.* 1731.

I Writ you the 18th Inſt. in Anſwer to your Favour 14th *Ditto*. I have ſince your Favour 19th Current, by which you adviſe to have collected 100 *l.* and you had not finiſh'd your Collections from the Clergy, *&c.* And you deferr'd remitting the ſame till you had finiſhed, and the rather, as you apprehended, there was ſufficient collected here, and what remain'd of the former Fund, as would be ſufficient to defray our preſent Expence in *England*, and that by the Time thoſe preſent, and other Bills come back, your Collections would be finiſhed, and the Money to the Fore to anſwer ſuch Occaſions as may then happen; yet in the latter Part of your Letter you conclude,

clude, if the Managers here think otherwiſe, and will have what you collected remitted, it ſhould be done.

I have produced your Letter to the Gentlemen concerned, who think as I do, and are ſorry to find the zealous Endeavours of ſo many good and capable Gentlemen as you are, produce ſo little in the City and Suburbs of ſo conſiderable a Place as *Corke*, where, I am ſure, four times the Number and Value of *R. C.* inhabit, as does in the little Pariſh of St. *Audians*, where I live; and yet we have already got there Subſcriptions for above 120*l.* and other or all Pariſhes in Town have done proportionable, and this is moſt owing to Zeal, and terrible Apprehenſions moſt of us have, That the Extirpation of our Religion and Selves is at hand, and not to be ſuſpended but by Money and great Application.

I am alſo directed to acquaint, That we regard ſo much the poor State and Neceſſity of the Clergy, that we have not any Intent to preſs them for any Contribution; as we believe, if any of them can ſpare, they will be zealous in giving it freely, and that ſame will come better from them to their Chiefs, than us.

But

But we hope for their Intereſt to influence the People to contribute, which is as much as we can expect from the moſt of them; at the ſame Time, make it our Duty to preſerve them, in taking Care to avert the Penal Bills as our own.

The Managers are engaged for what Money ſhall be wanting, and have already remitted Part, tho' they have received none, but hope it will come in Time from all Quarters; yet I would not have you remit till you can (by zealous preſſing, and Inſtances of thoſe cruel impending Bills and Laws) oblige your People to be much more generous, and not think of leaving the Burthen on us, who live at *Dublin*, who have much more juſt Reaſon to be excuſed upon this Occaſion, than thoſe, who live remote from the Government, and are always ſooneſt oppreſſed, tho' I am ſorry to find the Gentlemen in moſt Parts of the Country do not ſhew ſo great a Regard to Religion or Liberties, or ſure they would not deny a larger Contribution to ſave and ſecure them both.

We ſhall have but little Hopes of putting out thoſe Bills here, if we ſhould have the Misfortune of their returning from *England* without Amendments; therefore our greateſt Efforts muſt be, to put a Stop to them on that Side, for which, and many more Reaſons, this is the Place to have what

what Money which is needful for the Occaſion. If you doubt its proper Application, name your Agent here that may ſee it apply'd in Conjunction with the reſt that's raiſed, and we ſhall be pleaſed.

I can aſſure, that the beſt Methods we can be adviſed, is, and will be taken, and that we have not any private Views or Intereſt; and I hope, by the Bleſſing of (G) that we ſhall acquit our ſelves to their and every body's Satisfaction that will be reaſonable. I can't but preſs you again to enlarge your Collections, and I hope you'll have a better Occaſion ſince you receiv'd the Abſtracts; and I am ſure, as the reſt of the Gentlemen concern'd with me, that if you are not wanting in taking true Pains that you have ſufficient Zeal, and when you get all you can or hope, remit it as firſt directed, and you'll oblige,

SIRS,

Your aſſured and moſt humble Servant,

Tho. Woulfe.

To *Joſeph Neagle*, Eſq; Mr. *Edmond Harrold*, Mr. *John Cumerford*, Mr. *David Rochford*, and Mr. *Stephen White*, Corke.

J. L.

Sent in Mr. *Love*'s Letter, dated 22 *May*, 1733.

W. L.

WE

[E]

WE ſaw a Copy of the Collector's Bill, as it's approv'd of in *England*; and as it affects the Proteſtants, as well as thoſe of our Religion, we think you ſhould get ſome Proteſtants to petition againſt it; eſpecially in the Houſe of Lords, which is the likelieſt Place to hope for Redreſs. We hope, that when the Abſurdities and Inconveniencies are properly laid before them of that Bill, they may be induced to reject it, the Goods may be ſold, if ſo claimed, in 21 Days after the Seaſure are forfeited, and may be ſold. If the Party accus'd, being ſummoned, wilfully neglects, or refuſes to appear, they may proceed and give Judgment, and to iſſue Warrant to levy any Forfeit, Fine or Penalty, impoſed by this preſent Act, by diſtraining his Goods and Chattels, and if not redeemed in 6 Days, may be put to Sale; and if Goods ſeiz'd, are not claimed or cleared in 21 Days, they are to be apprais'd and ſold.

Landing Goods without Entry, is the Forfeit of the Goods, and the Value by the Claimers or Proprietors of the Goods, and every Mariner or other Perſon knowing, aideing thereto 10*l.*

[F]

IF Doctor *ô Brien* and Doctor *Welſh* do judge, That the Sentence pronounc'd againſt Father *Henneſſy* can be legally repeal'd, and that they ſend

me

me under their Hand, that they join me in repealing and quaſhing the ſame, I will join them in the ſame. I depend on their Judgment, whether ſuch a Proceeding be legal.

T. Mcc. Carthy of *Corke*.

March 5, 1731-2.

J. L.

Sent in Mr. *Love*'s Letter of the 22d *May*, 1733. *W. L.*

[G]

IF you think it neceſſary, That you ſhould ſay one or two Maſſes in *Doneraile* Diſtrict, in order to clear yourſelf, apply to Doctor *ô Brien*, and Doctor *Welſh*, who, if they join with me, as being then *major pars Capituli*. I ſhall not be backward from letting you ſay one Maſs in the Diſtrict of *Doneraile*.

T. Mcc. Carthy.

To Father *John Henneſſy*.

March 2, 1731-2.

I ſent you 4 *l*. before, and 1 *l* 3 *s*. I paid Mr. *Barry* for you.

J. L.

Sent in Mr. *Love*'s Letter, dated 22d *May*, 1733. *W. L.*

SIR, [H]

I Had yours this Day by your Sister, which would require quite another Answer than what I give you now under my Hand, which is, That I will out of hand install you, and give you three Parishes lying at the Gates of *Kingsale*, if you accept of them. I do declare, That I never had any Malice against you, nor has at this present; tho' if I did follow the Dictates of Flesh and Blood, as God forbid I should, you have highly deserv'd to be treated otherwise. I wonder how you can think, that it is in my Power to redress the Sentence given against you by a full Chapter; it is not, Sir, in my Power, unless I would infringe the Canon Law.

I do hereby invite you, in the Name of God, and of that Holy Church, to which you have on your Knees sworn Obedience, not to give Ear to the Illusions of Satan, and to come back to that Father, who is ready to give you Bread, and to embrace you with open Arms.

I do further promise you, That if in Time to come you are not pleas'd with the above 3 Parishes, you shall have better. Wishing you, with the Bowels of Charity, all Happiness. I remain,

Dear SIR,

February 29 *Your most humble Servant*

1731 T. Mcc. Carthy,

P. of Bandon, Corke.

To

To the Reverend Father John Henneſſy, *near* Doneraile.
Theſe.

J. L.
Sent in Mr. *Love*'s Letter, dated 22d *May* 1733. *W. L.*

WHatever the Superior is pleaſed to determine in favour of the Reverend Father *John Henneſſy*, even were it to celebrate in the Diſtrict of *Doneraile* during his Life, I have no manner of Reaſon to oppoſe his Reverence's Determination.

As for the Pardon ſaid Father *Henneſſy* calls for to me, I declare, I know no Offence he ever gave; but offered me to the contrary, a great deal of Civility and Reſpect in all Occaſions ſince I know him. Given in *Caſtellions* this 4th Day of *March*, 1731-2.

Tim. ô Brien.

I Have no manner of Reaſon to expect any publick Satisfaction from Father *John Henneſſy*, for he never ſaid any thing to my Face, but what was very civil; and if he ſpoke any thing unguardedly of me to others, which he deny's having done for as to prejudice me, I do not judge it to be ſoe far worth my Reſentment, as to oppoſe our Superior's good Inclinations to ſerve him any way he thinks proper, even if it were to officiate in the very Town of *Doneraile*.

Richd. Walſh.
March the 5th, 1731-2.

J. L.
Sent in Mr. *Love*'s Letter, dated 22d *May*, 1733. *W. L.*

[K]

AS I ſee no Arguments alledged either *Pro* or *Con*, the Lawfullneſs or Unlawfullneſs of repealing the Sentence pronounced againſt Father *Henneſſy*, ſince the Superiour is willing to join in repealing the ſame, I ſuppoſe his Reverence to be well-grounded, and conſequently, That I can have no Reaſon to oppoſe whatever he is pleaſed to determine on that Head, as I do not, but to the contrary, muſt be well pleaſed with his Determination. Given in *Caſtellions* this 8th Day of *March*, 1731-2.

Tim. ô Brien.

I. L.

Sent in Mr. *Love*'s Letter, dated
22d *May*, 1733. *W. L.*

[L]

Moſt Reverend Sir,

I Had a Letter from the Reverend Father *Charles Leyre*, wherein he ſent me (as he mentions) a Copy of your Lordſhip's Letter, concerning the Act paſt againſt us in the Parliament. I have communicated the Affair to Mr. *Henry Gallwey*, and the reſt of the Gentlemen of my Pariſh, that they may be pleaſed to contribute to the Affair.

The

	l.	s.	d.
The worthy Mr. *Henry Gallwey* gave — — —	1	10	0
His generous worthy Son Mr. *David Gallwey* —	1	3	0
Nicholas Mead — —	0	5	5
Andrew Morogh — —	0	2	8½
William Gallwey — —	0	2	8½
John Casey — — —	0	2	8½
Patrike Skiddy — —	0	2	8½
Cornelius Sexton — —	0	2	8½
James Goold — — —	0	2	8½
Daniel Leahy — —	0	2	8½
Robert Gallwey — —	0	2	8½
Richard Casy — — —	0	2	8½

The above Sumes amounts to Four Pounds Two Shillings and Ten Pence, which I send your Lordship by Mr. *David Gallwey*. Wishing you all Happiness, I am,

Your Lordship's

Most Obedient Humble Servant,

Father *Peter ô Sullivane*.

Bantry, January 8th, 1731-2.

To

Doctor *Mcc. Carthy, Rabah.*

Corke.

These.

J. L.

Sent in Mr. *Love's* Letter of the 22d *May*, 1733. *W. L.*

By

By the Lord Lieutenant and Council of *Ireland*,

A PROCLAMATION.

DORSET, ——

" WHereas the Commons of *Ireland*, in Parliament Aſſembled, have addreſſed his " Grace the Lord Lieutenant of this Kingdom to " iſſue a Proclamation, requiring all Magiſtrates, " in this Kingdom, to put the Laws againſt *Popery* in Execution.

" We therefore, the Lord Lieutenant and " Council, being deſirous and determined, as far as " in us lies, to have the ſaid Laws, ſo neceſſary " for the Peace and Welfare of this Kingdom, " put into ſtrict and due Execution, do, by this " our Proclamation, command and require all " Juſtices of the Peace, Mayors, Sovereigns, and " other chief Magiſtrates of Corporations, She- " riffs, Bailiffs, High and Petty Conſtables, and " all other his Majeſty's Officers and Miniſters of " Juſtice, within the Limits of their reſpective " Authorities and Powers, to uſe their utmoſt " Endeavours, in their ſeveral Stations, effectual- " ly to execute the ſaid Laws.

" And we ſhall eſteem their Readineſs and Care, " in diſcharging this Part of their Duty, as a " Teſtimony of their Fidelity and Affection to his " Majeſty's Perſon and Government, and their

" Regard

" Regard for the Publick Peace, and Welfare of
" this Kingdom.

Given at the Council-Chamber in *Dublin*, the 12th of *January*, 1733.

Hu. Armach, Wyndham C. John Dublin, Theo. Caſhel, Edw. Tuam, Duncannon, John Clogher, John Rogerſon, Ja. Reynolds, Tho. Marlay, Edw. Croſton, Tho. Taylor, R. Tighe, Owen Wynne.

GOD Save the KING.

Note, The Letters in the *Appendix* are Printed Literally, according to the Originals.

F I N I S.

" Regard for the Publick Peace, and Welfare of
" this Kingdom.

Given at the Council-Chamber in Dublin, the
12th of January, 1733.

GOD Save the KING.

Note, The Letters in the Appendix are Printed Literally, according to the Originals.

TINIS.